



DPG DEGREE COLLEGE

(Affiliated to MDU Rohtak)

Sector-34, Near Marble Market, Gurugram 122001

B.A. Sociology

Programmes outcomes listed as follows:

1. The students acquire knowledge in the field of social sciences, literature and humanities which make them sensitive and sensible enough.
2. The B.A. graduates will be acquainted with the social, economical, historical, geographical, political, ideological and philosophical tradition and thinking.
3. The program also empowers the graduates to appear for various competitive examinations or choose the post graduate programme of their choice.
4. The B. A. program enables the students to acquire the knowledge with human values framing the base to deal with various problems in life with courage and humanity.
5. The students will be ignited enough to think and act over for the solution of various issues prevailed in the human life to make this world better than ever.

COURSE OBJECTIVES & COURSE OUTCOMES

S.No.	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	Paper: Basic concepts in sociology	
	1: Understand the basic concepts in Sociology and develop an understanding about macro and micro perspectives in Sociology 2: Comprehend the various features of Indian Society and culture including unity in diversity; Indian social structure and understanding rural, urban and tribal India 3: Understand the philosophical foundations of Sociology and its application 4: Evaluation of Development Policies	1: Describing Nature, Scope and Origin of Sociology 2: Understanding the methods in Sociology and contributions of Founding fathers of Sociology 3: Elaborating on basic concepts in Sociology, social structure, social system
2	Paper: Society, Culture and Social Change	
	1: Analyse the critical aspects of Sociology of India including the development theories and the Planning system for development 2: Understand the characteristics, social structure of tribal community in India	1: Describing Stratification System in India including Caste and Class (Agrarian and Industrial class structure) 2: Analysing the social change in Modern India especially through the processes of Modernization,

	3: Develop an understanding about various aspects of Industry, Mobility	Sanskritization, Westernization and De-Sanskritisation 3: Describing the types of Mobility; Open and Closed Models, Factors and Constraints to Social Mobility
3	Subject: Methods in Social Research	
	1: To Introduce Students to the Nature of Scientific Method in Social Science Research. 2: To give Students the Understanding about the quantitative and qualitative approach to Research. 3: To enhance the Research interests and inculcate the Spirit of inquiry among students, who may be motivated to continue higher studies in Research.	1: Understanding Sociology as a science, concepts and steps in research 2: Differentiate between the Quantitative and Qualitative Research and understand different types of Research Design 3: Understand the various techniques of Data Collection- Observation, Questionnaire, Interview Schedule; Case Study, Social Survey, Content Analysis 4: Describing various types of Sampling
4	Paper: Social Problems in India	
	1: Understand the social problems of Indian society and culture. 2: Explain the term sociological imagination and discuss its relevance to the study of social problems. 3: Differentiate between subjective and objective elements of social problems. 4: Analyze how and why members of a society define a social condition as a social problem.	1. Given a social problem students will use secondary source research to objectively describe the social problem as it exists in contemporary society and delineate and assess strategies for addressing social problems in an oral or written assignment.
5	Paper: Foundations of Social Thought	
	1. To familiarize the students with the social, Political, Economic and Intellectual Context's in which sociology emerged as a distinctive discipline. 2. Emerged as a distinctive discipline. 3. To Understand the development of Sociological Thought. 4. Understand their Continuing relevance to Contemporary Concerns	1. Assess Social and Sociological Theories; Phenomenon and Perspectives; Influence of Industrial and French Revolution on Sociological thought and contributions of August Comte 2. Describe the contributions of Herbert Spencer, Vilfredo Pareto and Thorstein Veblen 3. Analyse Life & Major Works of Karl Marx 4. Explain contributions of Emile Durkheim
6	Paper: Rural Society: Structure and Change	

	<p>1. To provide sociological understanding of structure, change and development in India with a view to acquainting the students with agrarian structure and development in India thereby imparting sociological skills to reconstruct rural institutions and analyze rural development programme.</p>	<p>2. To understand the origin evolution and growth of rural sociology.</p> <p>3. To analyze the social structure of agrarian society and its contrast and continuum with urban society.</p> <p>4. To analyze evaluate different rural social problem .</p> <p>5. To understand the rural development process undertaken by Govt. of India.</p>
--	---	---



